

Grade 10 Chemistry CT3 Acids Bases and Salts

Choose the correct answer from the options given:

* Required

* This form will record your name, please fill your name.

1. Higher the pH value of a solution, the more _____ it is: *
(1 Point)

- Acidic
- Basic
- Neutral
- None of the above

2. The basicity of acetic acid is: *
(1 Point)

- 3
- 1
- 4
- 2

3. A salt formed by the incomplete neutralisation of an acid by a base: *
(1 Point)

- Acid salt
- Basic salt
- Normal salt
- Mixed salt

4. Which of the following is observed when methyl orange is added to sodium hydroxide solution? *
(1 Point)

- Methyl orange does not change colour
- Methyl orange turns yellow
- Methyl orange turns pink
- Methyl orange turns colourless

5. _____ is used to determine the strength of acids and bases: *
(1 Point)

- Methyl orange
- Phenolphthalein
- Moist blue litmus
- pH solution

6. Range of pH value in a pH scale is: *
(1 Point)

1 to 14

0 to 14

7 to 13

1 to 13

7. Number of lone pairs of electrons in ammonia molecule: *
(1 Point)

1

2

0

3

8. A basic solution which does not contain a metallic element: *
(1 Point)

Sodium hydroxide

Copper hydroxide

Aluminium Hydroxide

Ammonium hydroxide

9. A base which dissociates to give high concentration of hydroxyl ions: *
(1 Point)

- Lithium hydroxide
- Calcium hydroxide
- Magnesium hydroxide
- None of the above

10. Ammonia is a polar covalent compound due to difference in:

*

(1 Point)

- Electronegativity of nitrogen atom and hydrogen atom
- Electronegativity of nitrogen atom and hydrogen atom
- Atomic radius of nitrogen atom and hydrogen atom
- All of the above

11. Sodium hydroxide reacts with ammonium sulphate on heating to liberate: *
(1 Point)

- Nitrogen
- Sulphur
- Ammonia
- Hydrogen

12. Indicators are: *
(1 Point)

- Strong organic compounds
- Strong inorganic compounds
- Weak organic compounds
- Weak inorganic compounds

13. _____ is an ionic compound which dissociates to yield a positive ion, other than hydrogen ion and a negative ion, other than hydroxyl ion: *
(1 Point)

- Base
- Salt
- Alkali
- Acid

14. An acid that can form three different salt: *
(1 Point)

- Sulphuric acid
- Hydrochloric acid
- Nitric acid
- Phosphoric acid

15. An ion which combines with a polar covalent molecule to form an ammonium ion: *
(1 Point)

- Hydroxyl ion
- Hydrogen ion
- Nitride ion
- None of the above

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